

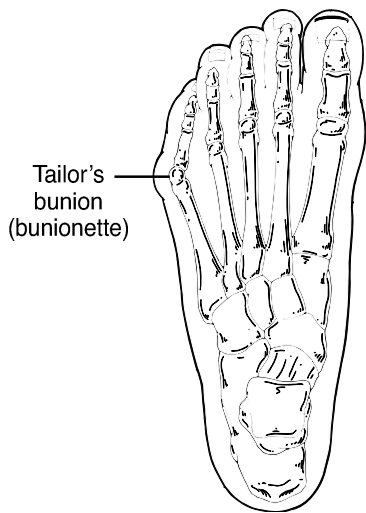
TAILOR'S BUNION (BUNIONETTE)



American College of
Foot and Ankle Surgeons

What Is a Tailor's Bunion?

Tailor's bunion, also called a bunionette, is an enlargement of the fifth metatarsal bone at the base of the little toe. The metatarsals are the five long bones of the foot. The enlargement that characterizes a tailor's bunion occurs at the metatarsal "head," located at the far end of the bone where it meets the toe. Tailor's bunions are not as common as bunions, which occur on the inside of the foot, but both are similar in symptoms and causes.



The symptoms of tailor's bunions include redness, swelling, and pain at the site of the enlargement. These symptoms occur when wearing shoes that rub against the enlargement, irritating the soft tissues underneath the skin and producing inflammation.

Why do we call it "tailor's bunion"?

The deformity received its name centuries ago, when tailors sat cross-legged all day with the outside edge of their feet rubbing on the ground. This constant rubbing led to a painful bump at the base of the little toe.

Causes of a Tailor's Bunion

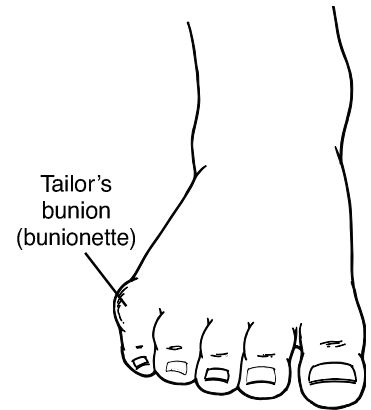
Often a tailor's bunion is caused by an inherited faulty mechanical structure of the foot. In these cases, changes occur in the foot's bony framework that result in the development of an enlargement. The fifth metatarsal bone starts to protrude outward, while the little toe moves inward. This shift creates a bump on the outside of the foot that becomes irritated whenever a shoe presses against it.

Sometimes a tailor's bunion is actually a bony spur (an outgrowth of bone) on the side of the fifth metatarsal head. Heredity is the main reason that these spurs develop.

Regardless of the cause, the symptoms of a tailor's bunion are usually aggravated by wearing shoes that are too narrow in the toe, producing constant rubbing and pressure. In fact, wearing shoes with a tight toe box can make the deformity get progressively worse.

Diagnosis

Tailor's bunion is easily diagnosed because the protrusion is visually



apparent. X-rays may be ordered to help the foot and ankle surgeon determine the cause and extent of the deformity.

Treatment: Non-surgical Options

Treatment for tailor's bunion typically begins with non-surgical therapies. Your foot and ankle surgeon may select one or more of the following options:

- **Shoe modifications.** Wearing the right kind of shoes is critical. Choose shoes that have a wide toe box, and avoid those with pointed toes or high heels.
- **Oral medications.** Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), such as ibuprofen, may help relieve the pain and inflammation.
- **Injection therapy.** Injections of corticosteroid are commonly used to treat the inflamed tissue around the joint.

- **Padding.** Bunionette pads placed over the area may help reduce pain. These pads are available from your foot and ankle surgeon or at a drug store.
- **Icing.** An ice pack may be applied to reduce pain and inflammation. Wrap the pack in a thin towel rather than placing ice directly on your skin.

When Is Surgery Needed?

Surgery is often considered when pain continues despite the above approaches. Surgery is highly successful in the treatment of tailor's bunions.

In selecting the procedure or combination of procedures for your particular case, the foot and ankle surgeon will take into consideration

the extent of your deformity based on the x-ray findings, your age, your activity level, and other factors. The length of the recovery period will vary, depending on the procedure or procedures performed. ▲

Central Minnesota Foot and Ankle Associates

Dr. Gregory Rouw *
 Dr. Karenthea Rouw *
 Dr. David Schleichert

Foot and Ankle Specialists

Fellows, American College of Foot and Ankle Surgeons
 Board Certified in Foot Surgery by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery
 * Board Certified in Podiatric Orthopedics by the American Board of Podiatric Orthopedics

1545 Northway Dr., Suite 130
 St. Cloud, MN 56303

(320) 252 - 2963



**American College of
 Foot and Ankle Surgeons**

This information has been prepared by the Consumer Education Committee of the American College of Foot and Ankle Surgeons, a professional society of 5,800 foot and ankle surgeons. Members of the College are Doctors of Podiatric Medicine who have received additional training through surgical residency programs.

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